Human Trafficking

Community Service Officer Academy



What is Human Trafficking?

Modern Day Slavery

Presentation

- Definitions
- Dynamics
- Documentation
- Communication
- Collaboration
- Civil and Immigration Remedies
- Resources





13th Amendment

"Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime where the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist with in the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction"...

- Passed January 31st, 1865
- Ratified December 6th, 1865

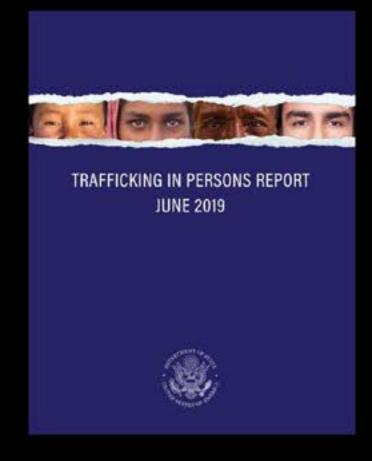






TIP Report

46,000,000



International Labor Organization

- Annual global profits: \$150 Billion
- 22% via Sexual Exploitation
- 68% via Forced Labor
- 2/3's of profit: Sexual Exploitation
- \$8 Billion saved Domestic Servitude



Evolution of U.S. Law

2000 Trafficking Victims Protection Act

Foundation of U.S. human trafficking laws

 Reauthorized 2003, 2005, 2008, 2013, 2017

TVPA

- Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or
- The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for <u>labor or services</u>, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery

LABOR

Domestic Servitude

Commercial Agriculture

Forced Begging

Restaurant Work

Magazine Sales

Day Labor

Construction

Carnivals

Factory Work/Sweatshops

Custodial Work

SEX

Forced Prostitution

Servile Marriage/Mail Order Bride

Forced Stripping/Dancing

Child Pornography

Child Sex Tourism

Organized Prostitution

Forced Adult Pornography

Sex Tourism & Entertainment

Child Sexual Exploitation

Residential Brothels

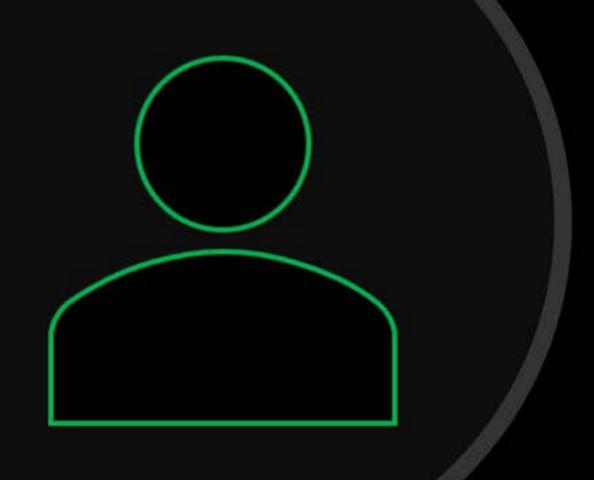
Massage Parlors

Federal Model: Human Trafficking Task Forces

Victim-Centered Trauma Informed Approach







Victim-Centered Approach







Immigration Relief Options

Federal HT – The AMP Model

<u>Action</u>

<u>Means</u>

<u>Purpose</u>

Recruits,

Force

Commercial

sex acts

Harbors,

Fraud

Labor or

Transports,

Coercionthreats services

Provides

Coercionabuse

*Or*Obtains
(or so attempts)



RESEARCH KNOWLEDGE SCIENCE METHO

2018





RIGHT NOW AT 5:00

Labor Violations vs. Trafficking

Labor Violations

E.g., poor working conditions, no overtime

Forced Labor

Compelled to work-Force Fraud Coercion



Free to leave

SPORTS

- Athletes are recruited with the
 - promise of a better future
- O Athletes are transported to new locations, often in isolation and without adequate resources
- o Athletes are proced to plant eir sport for countle mours for the countle of others
- Athletes are under full control of the caretaker / agent / trafficker



Indicators

- Evidence of control
- Isolation
- Restrictions
- Documents
- Fraud
- Debt
- Environment

- Fear
- Clothing



Methods of Control

- Confinement
- Threats
- Assaults
- Documents
- Coercion



Who are the Traffickers?

- International Organized Crime
- Gangs
- Family and Relatives
- Local Organized Crime
- Smugglers
- Pimps
- Madams
- -Anyone



Barriers for Victims Seeking Assistance

- Culture & language
- Lack of trust
- Undocumented/fear of deportation
- Fear of law enforcement
- Lack of knowledge of services, rights, and laws
- Fear of retaliation from trafficker
- Shame & stigma









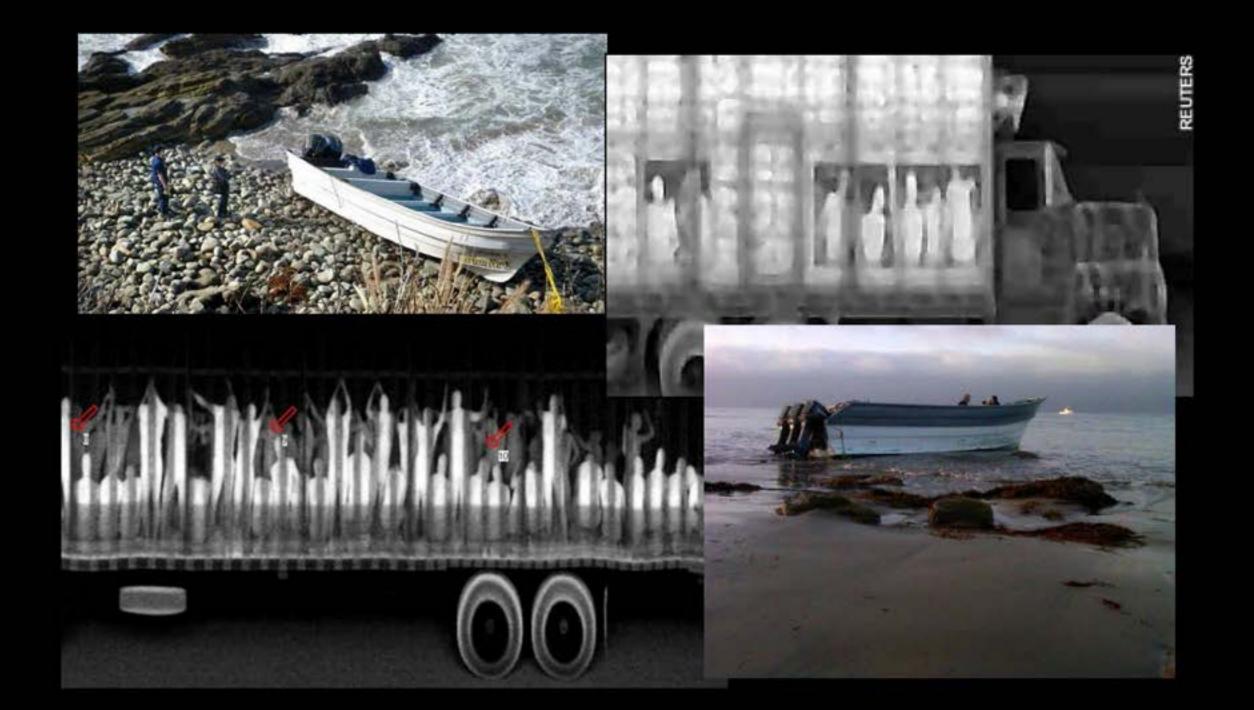




Questions

- Did you come here to work?
- Are you working in the field you expected?
- When you got here were you asked or told to repay a debt?
- Who controls your passport or identification?
- Were you being forced to do something against your will?
- Could you leave if you wanted?
- What do you believe will happen if you leave?
- Do you have fear of someone or something occurring?
- Did someone tell you that you would be deported?
- Were there locks on the doors and windows?
- When was the last time you spoke to your family back home?

Do you want help?



Smuggling

- Crime against nation
- Must cross a national border
- Person free to leave after border passage
- A person consents to be smuggled
- No labor or sexual exploitation required

Trafficking

- Crime against person
- No movement required
- Person is NOT free to leave after border passage
- A person is trafficked through force, fraud, or coercion
- Involves labor or sexual exploitation

Trafficked persons can only be foreign nationals or are only immigrants from other countries Human trafficking is essentially a crime that must involve some form of travel, transportation,

or movement across state or national borders

Sex trafficking is the city form of human trafficking

Huma. rai king only occurs in illegal UI. To Ound industries

There must be elements of physical restraint, physical force, or physical bondage when identifying a human trafficking s'tu ion

f the trafficked person consented to be in their initial situation or was informed about what type of labor they would be doing or that commercial Victims of human trafficking will in nediately asksex would be involved, then it cannot be human trafficking or against their will because they "knew better"

for help or assistance and will s. It-identify as a victim of a crime

Human trafficking victims always come from situations of poverty or from small rural villages

Foreign national trafficking victims are always undocumented immigrants or here in this country illegally

236.1 PC

(a) Any person who deprives or violates the personal liberty of another with the intent to obtain forced labor or services, is guilty of human trafficking and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for 5, 8, or 12 years and a fine of not more than \$500,000.00

(b) Sex

(c) Sex / Minor Involved

History

*236.1 PC

2006 Became California Law

 2009 Amended to mirror the Federal Statute regarding Force, Fraud, & Coercion when a minor is involved

 2012 Amended by Prop 35 to clarify and add more severe punishments

California HT – AMP model: 236.1

<u>Action</u>

Deprive

Or

Violate

the personal liberty of another

<u>Means</u>

Force, Fear, Fraud, Deceit, Coercion, Violence, Duress, Menace or Threat of unlawful injury to victim or to another person

<u>Purpose</u>

With intent to:

- CPC 266h & i Pimping & Pandering
- •CPC 266, 266j
- •CPC 267 Abduction of *minor* for prostitution
- •CPC 311.1-6, or
- Forced labor or services

236.1(a)

<u>Action</u>

<u>Means</u>

<u>Purpose</u>

Deprive

Force,

With intent to:

Or

Fraud,

Force labor or services

Violate

Coercion,

the personal liberty of another

Duress

Punishment:

5, 8 or 12 years and a fine not to exceed \$500,000

Labor Scenario (P.O.S.T)

236.1(b)

<u>Action</u>

Deprive

Or

Violate

the personal liberty of another

<u>Means</u>

Force, Fear, Fraud, Deceit, Coercion, Violence,

Menace

Threat of unlawful injury to victim or to another person

<u>Purpose</u>

With intent to:

- •266h & i Pimping & Pandering
- •266, 266j
- •267 Abduction of *minor* for prostitution
- •311.1-6 or
- •518 (Extortion)

Punishment:

236.1(c)(1)

Action

<u>Means</u>

<u>Purpose</u>

Cause,

Induce,

or

Persuades

(Or attempts to)

A commercial sex act to effect or maintain:

- 266h & i Pimping & Pandering
- •266, 266j
- 267 Abduction of minor for prostitution
- •311.1-6 or
- 518 (Extortion)

-Consent of victim not a defense
-Mistake of fact with regards to age of victim not a defense

Punishment [without means]: 5, 8 or 12 years and a fine not to exceed \$500,000

236.1(c)(2)

<u>Action</u>

Cause,

Induce,

or

Persuades

(Or attempts to)

<u>Means</u>

Force,
Fear,
Fraud,
Deceit,
Coercion,
Violence,
Duress,
Menace

Threat of unlawful injury to victim or to another person

<u>Purpose</u>

A commercial sex act to effect or maintain:

•CPC 266h & i - Pimping &

Pandering

•CPC 266, 266j

•CPC 267 – Abduction of *minor*

for prostitution

•CPC 311.1-6 or

•518 (Extortion)

-Consent of victim not a defense
-Mistake of fact with regards to age of victim not a defense

Punishment [with means]: 15 years to life and a fine not to exceed \$500,000

How are cases identified

- Complaints from the Community (Businesses/Neighbors)
- Referrals from NGO's (Non-Government Organizations)
- Tips from the National Human Trafficking Hotline
- Hospital/Emergency Room Referrals



Calls for Service

- Domestic Violence
- Landlord / Tennant
- Labor Disputes
- General Disturbance
- False Imprisonment
- Consensual Contacts
- Pan Handling
- Fruit Vendor
- Kidnapping
- Robbery
- Theft
- Car Stop

Intersection Crime



HUMAN TRAFFICKING PROTOCOL FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT

2016

Police Chiefs Association Of Santa Clara County

Adopted June, 2011











Rill Wilson Center





Group Homes Inc.







MAITRI

Helping Women Help Themselves



SAN JOSE S UNIVERS









DEPARTMENT of

Terminology

Prostitute



vs CSEC



Victim's Perspective

CSEC Investigation





Teenagers

Sexual Assault Victims

Domestic Violence Victims

Child Abuse Victims

Recidivism

Bureau of Investigations

Sexual Assaults Investigations Unit

Missing Persons / Juvenile / Human Trafficking



408-277-4102

Recourses

National Human Trafficking Resource Center

Operated by the Polaris Project, Washington, DC

Hotline Number: 888 - 3737 – 888 or text BeFree (233733)

Funded by the US Department of Health & Human Services

- 24 hours a day / 7 days a week
- Live operator, trained to screen HT cases
- Can accommodate many languages
- Open to law enforcement, first responder professionals, community members, and victims
- Callers can remain anonymous
- Connects to local HT law enforcement or victim resources



HT is a crime like any other crime

•Obtaining of any person by means of force, fraud, or coercion for the purposes of labor, services, or sexual exploitation. If the person is under the age of 18, no means

need be present

Victim focused response

Collaboration is key



Reference Material



www.notforsalecampaign.org



www.lovenever-fails.org



www.baatc.org



www.thedarksideofchocolate.org

